

Table 4
(continued)

COMBUSTION UNITS

No. 2 Oil

CHARACTERISTICS OF OUTPUT				
Flue Gas Released	Chemical Composition			
	Material	Min. Value Expected lb/hr	Avg. Value Expected lb/hr	Design Maximum lb/hr
	1. CO	No. 2 Oil emissions based on:		1.757
	2. NO _x	0.01% (max. by weight) - Ash		4.655
	3. SO _x	0.05% (max. by weight) - Fuel-bonded Nitrogen		12.930
	4. HC/Vol's	0.5% (max. by weight) - Sulfur		0.753
5. PM			0.626	

Temperature at Stack Exit °F	Total Flow Rate (lb/hr) Minimum Expected Maximum Expected	Velocity at Stack Exit (ft/sec) Minimum Expected Maximum Expected
417	22,635	44.2

COMBUSTION UNIT CHARACTERISTICS		
Chamber Volume from Drawing ft ³	Chamber Velocity at Average Chamber Temperature ft/sec	Average Chamber Temperature °F
187.75	40.48	2365
Average Residence Time sec	Exhaust Stack Height ft	Exhaust Stack Diameter ft
0.42	NA	2

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR CATALYTIC COMBUSTION UNITS		
Number and Type of Catalyst Elements	Catalytic Bed Velocity ft/sec	Max. Flow Rate per Catalytic Unit (Manufacturer's Specifications) Specify Units

Attach separate sheets as necessary providing a description of the combustion unit, including details regarding principle operation and the basis for calculating its efficiency. Supply an assembly drawing, dimensioned and to scale, to show clearly design and operation of the equipment. If the device has bypasses, safety valves, etc., specify when such bypasses are to be used and under what conditions. Submit explanations on controls for temperature, air flow rates, fuel rates, and other operational variables.

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TABLE 6
BOILERS AND HEATERS

Point Number (from flow diagram)			Manufacturer CLEAVER - BROOKS			
Type of Device Boiler			Model Number CA(LE) 200-600-200ST			
CHARACTERISTICS OF INPUT						
Type Fuel	Chemical Composition (% by weight)	Inlet Air Temp (°F) (after preheat)	Fuel Flow Rate (scfm* or lbs/hr)			
NATURAL GAS	CONTACT LOCAL GAS SUPPLIER OR UTILITY FOR TYPICAL GAS ANALYSIS.	—	Average		Design Maximum 418 scfm	
		Gross Heating Value of Fuel	Total Air Supplied and Excess Air			
		(specify units) 1000 Btu/scf	Average scfm* 15 % excess (vol)		Design Maximum 5100 scfm* 20 % excess (vol)	
HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM						
Type of Transfer Medium	Temperature (°F)		Pressure (psia)		Flow Rate (specify units)	
(water, oil, etc.)	Input	Output	Input	Output	Average	Design Max
WATER	70	380	AT LEAST 185	180		20,700 lb STEAM @ 212°F.
OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS						
Average Fire Box Temp. at Max. Firing Rate	Fire Box Volume (ft³) (from drawing)		Gas Velocity in Fire Box (ft/sec) at Max. Firing Rate		Residence Time in Fire Box at Max. Firing Rate (sec)	
2,165	187.75		38.67		0.44	
STACK PARAMETERS						
Stack Diameter(s)	Stack Height	Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec)		Stack Gas	Exhaust	
2" AT BOILER EXIT		(@ Avg. Fuel Flow Rate)	(@ Max. Fuel Flow Rate)	Temp (°F)	scfm	
			43.0	417	4,894	
CHARACTERISTICS OF OUTPUT						
Material	Chemical Composition of Exit Gas Released (% by volume)					
CO₂	8.6%					
O₂	25%					
N₂	72.98					
H₂O	15.9%					

Please attach an explanation of how temperature, air flow rate, excess air, or other operating variables are controlled.

Also supply an assembly drawing, dimensioned and to-scale, in plan, elevation, and as many sections as needed to clearly show operation of the combustion unit. Show interior dimensions and features of the equipment necessary to calculate in performance.

*Standard Conditions: 70°F, 14.7 psia.

TABLE 6
BOILERS AND HEATERS

Point Number (from flow diagram)			Manufacturer <i>CLEVER-BROOKS</i>			
Type of Device <i>Boiler</i>			Model Number <i>CB(LE)200-600-200ST</i>			
CHARACTERISTICS OF INPUT						
Type Fuel	Chemical Composition (% by weight)	Inlet Air Temp (°F) (after preheat)		Fuel Flow Rate (scfm* or lbs/hr)		
<i>No. 2 oil (Diesel)</i>	<i>OBTAIN FROM OIL SUPPLIER.</i>	<i>—</i>		Average	Design Maximum <i>1,300 lbs/hr</i>	
		Gross Heating Value of Fuel		Total Air Supplied and Excess Air		
		(specify units) <i>140,000 Btu/hr</i>	Average scfm* <i>15 % excess (vol)</i>	Design Maximum <i>5100 scfm* 20 % excess (vol)</i>		
HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM						
Type of Transfer Medium	Temperature (°F)		Pressure (psia)		Flow Rate (specify units)	
(water, oil, etc.)	Input	Output	Input	Output	Average	Design Max
<i>WATER</i>	<i>70</i>	<i>380</i>	<i>AT LEAST 185</i>	<i>180</i>		<i>20,700 lb STEAM @ 212° F</i>
OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS						
Average Fire Box Temp. at Max. Firing Rate	Fire Box Volume (ft³) (from drawing)		Gas Velocity in Fire Box (ft/sec) at Max. Firing Rate		Residence Time in Fire Box at Max. Firing Rate (sec)	
<i>2,165</i>	<i>187.75</i>		<i>40.48</i>		<i>0.42</i>	
STACK PARAMETERS						
Stack Diameters	Stack Height	Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec)		Stack Gas	Exhaust	
<i>2'</i> <i>AT BOILER EXIT</i>		(@ Avg. Fuel Flow Rate)	(@ Max. Fuel Flow Rate)	Temp (°F)	scfm	
			<i>44.2</i>	<i>417</i>	<i>5,032</i>	
CHARACTERISTICS OF OUTPUT						
Material	Chemical Composition of Exit Gas Released (% by volume)					
<i>CO₂</i>	<i>11.4%</i>					
<i>O₂</i>	<i>2.5%</i>					
<i>N₂</i>	<i>74.5%</i>					
<i>H₂O</i>	<i>11.6%</i>					

Please attach an explanation of how temperature, air flow rate, excess air, or other operating variables are controlled.

Also supply an assembly drawing, dimensioned and to-scale, in plan, elevation, and as many sections as needed to clearly show operation of the combustion unit. Show interior dimensions and features of the equipment necessary to calculate in performance.

*Standard Conditions: 70°F, 14.7 psia.

Table 4
COMBUSTION UNITS

Please note: BACT for new boilers/
heaters ≥ 10 MMBH is:
0.10 lb NO_x/MMBTU for gas
0.20 lb NO_x/MMBTU for #2 oil
0.30 lb NO_x/MMBTU for other fuel
and for ≥ 100 MMBH is: 10 ppm w/CEM

OPERATIONAL DATA						
Number from flow diagram:			Model Number (if available):			
Name of device:			Manufacturer:			
Design heat input rating: _____ Btu/hour each			Number of units:			
CHARACTERISTICS OF INPUT						
Fuel	Type	Grade or Spec.	% Sulfur	Annual Consumption	Units	*Rated Hourly Consumption
	Oil	No. 2 DIESEL	0.5% MAX.		(gal)	179.5 gph
	Gas	NATURAL	—		(therm)	251.0 Therm/hr.
	Wood				(ton)	
	Other				()	
Gross Heating Value of Waste Material (wet basis if applicable)		Btu/lb	Minimum SCFM (70°F & 14.7 psia)		Maximum SCFM (70°F & 14.7 psia)	
			Air Supplied for Waste Material:			
Waste Material or Contaminated Gas	Total Flow Rate (lb/hr)		Inlet Temperature (°F)			
	Minimum Expected Design Maximum		Minimum Expected Design Maximum			
	Chemical Composition					
	Material	Min. Value Expected lb/hr	Avg. Value Expected lb/hr	Design Maximum lb/hr		
	1.					
	2.					
3.						
4.						
5.						
Gross Heating Value of Fuel:		Btu/lb	Minimum SCFM (70°F & 14.7 psia)		Maximum SCFM (70°F & 14.7 psia)	
			Air Supplied for Fuel:			

*Describe how waste material is introduced into combustion unit on an attached sheet. Supply drawings, dimensioned and to show clearly the design and operation of the unit.

(over)

Table 4
(continued)

COMBUSTION UNITS

NATURAL GAS

CHARACTERISTICS OF OUTPUT				
Flue Gas Released	Chemical Composition			
	Material	Min. Value Expected lb/hr	Avg. Value Expected lb/hr	Design Maximum lb/hr
	1. Co			0.9164
	2. NOx			0.879
	3. SOx			0.025
	4. HCl/VOCs			0.402
	5. A.M.			0.251

Temperature at Stack Exit °F	Total Flow Rate (lb/hr) Minimum Expected Maximum Expected		Velocity at Stack Exit (ft/sec) Minimum Expected Maximum Expected	
417	22,013		43.0	

COMBUSTION UNIT CHARACTERISTICS		
Chamber Volume from Drawing ft ³	Chamber Velocity at Average Chamber Temperature ft/sec	Average Chamber Temperature °F
187.75	38.67	2,315
Average Residence Time sec	Exhaust Stack Height ft	Exhaust Stack Diameter ft
0.44	NA	2

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR CATALYTIC COMBUSTION UNITS		
Number and Type of Catalyst Elements	Catalytic Bed Velocity ft/sec	Max. Flow Rate per Catalytic Unit (Manufacturer's Specifications) Specify Units

Attach separate sheets as necessary providing a description of the combustion unit, including details regarding principle operation and the basis for calculating its efficiency. Supply an assembly drawing, dimensioned and to scale, to show clearly design and operation of the equipment. If the device has bypasses, safety valves, etc., specify when such bypasses are to be used and under what conditions. Submit explanations on controls for temperature, air flow rates, fuel rates, and other operational variables.